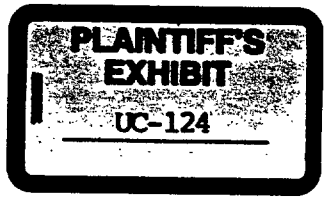
Ginsburg
p 4/47
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Mr. D. C. Willard

Building 8-96-2

April 28, 1967

E. Q. Hull, M.D.

Particulate Matter in Air
Asbestos Dust
Project No. IH-PAR-76-67

Dear Don:

As per our telephone conversation today, I am attaching a resume' of our determinations of dust breathed by the employees while cutting and installing "kale" insulation.

We feel that further air sampling is needed to give you more meaningful conclusions as to the best protection for the employees handling this material.

At your convenience, we will be glad to discuss these findings with you. In the meantime, if you would keep us informed of jobs pertaining to cutting, installing and removing "kayle" insulation, it would be helpful in scheduling the air sampling work.

Thanks,

Bert Murray

Deposition Exhibit No 10
5-14-87

A04878

DISTRIBUTION:

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Mr. Fred Williams

General Foremen's Office

A0487

PARTICULATE MATTER IN AIR

Dust Breathed by the Employees While Cutting and Installing "Kaylo" Insulation

Plant-wide Survey - Plant 514

Authors: H. H. Warwick
B. L. Murray

Date: September 21, 1965
Project No.: IH-1G-65

Doctor Hull, Plant Medical Director, requested a plant-wide industrial hygiene study to determine the potential exposure of insulators to asbestos fiber dust concentrations. Table I gives the results of seven separate tests, including 24 breathing zone level air samples and shows an average dust concentration of 5.2 million particles per cubic foot of air. A "threshold limit value" of 20 mppcf of air has been suggested.[1]

When three employees, or less, hand-cut and apply "Kaylo" insulation, the concentration of dust is considered safe from the health standpoint; however, with 6 men the dust count exceeds the TLV. It is at this phase of the operation that exhaust ventilation should be used. Excessive dust concentrations can be expected when the insulation is removed from piping and tanks. Again, exhaust ventilation should be used to move the dust away from the employees, if possible; otherwise, respirators are advised.

"Kaylo" insulation contains 12 to 13% asbestos and 5.6 to 7.4% crystalline-free silica.[2] This material is received in block and pipe form and the insulator measures and marks the material into appropriate sizes and cuts it with a hand saw. The insulation material is wired into position around the tank or pipe. The tasks of cutting and applying the "Kaylo" insulation are shown in Figures 1 and 2.

The air samples were collected with a midget impinger and a Uni-jet sampler, drawing 0.1 cubic foot of air per minute through impinger flasks containing 10 milliliters of distilled water. Dust counts, made by the Light Field Microscopic Counting Technique, appear in Table I.

This study has revealed that further research work is needed to:

1. Attain an established figure for the "threshold limit value".
2. Utilize exhaust ventilation to remove the dust from the work area.
3. Determine the particle size of the asbestos fiber where the dust count exceeds 5 mppcf.
4. Obtain Range Finding Tests on animals exposed to different percents of asbestos fiber.
5. Continue our plant-wide study in support of these conclusions.

1. Cook, Warren A., and Poole, Robert E., Letter dated February 12, 1962 - The University of Michigan School of Public Health.
2. Poole, R. E., Industrial Hygiene Survey - Construction Insulation Shop, Building 511-2018. Report 62-IH-1-G-1 (March 21, 1962).

A034860

TABLE I

PARTICULATE MATTER IN AIR

Dust Breathed by Employees While Cutting and Installing "Kaylo" Insulation

Date	Sample Number	Sampling Conditions at Breathing Level	Number of Employees	Dust Count MPPCF (1)
11-16-64	1	5-min. cutting, 5-min. application inside building	2	2.1
	2	Same	2	2.6
	3	Same	2	1.7
	4	7-min. cutting, 3-min. application	2	3.0
1-19-65	5	Cutting and application during entire sampling period - inside building	6	22.5
	6	Same	6	17.0
	7	Same	6	22.5
2-16-65	8	Same	2	3.6
	9	Same	2	1.6
	10	Application of insulation - no hand saw cutting	2	0.3
	11	Same	1	0.1
3-1-65	12	Cutting and application during sampling period - outside building	2	7.6
	13	Same	2	2.4
	14	Same	2	4.0
3-22-65	15	Application of insulating - no cutting - inside building	3	1.9
	16	Same	3	13.0
	17	7-min. cutting; 3-min. application	1	7.3
5-26-65	18	Clean up of insulation from floor - sweeping and shoveling - inside bldg.	2	0.8
	19	Same	2	0.1
	20	Same	2	2.5
6-14-65	21	Cutting and application during sampling period - inside building	2	1.0
	22	Same	2	5.0
	23	Same	2	2.5
	24	Same	2	1.1

(1) Million particles per cubic foot of air.

10-14-65

034881

PARTICULATE MATTER IN AIR

Dust Breathed by the Employees while Cutting and Installing "Kaylo" Insulation

Plant-wide Survey - Plant 514



Figure 1. Sawing block sections. Breathing zone level air sample being collected in the background.

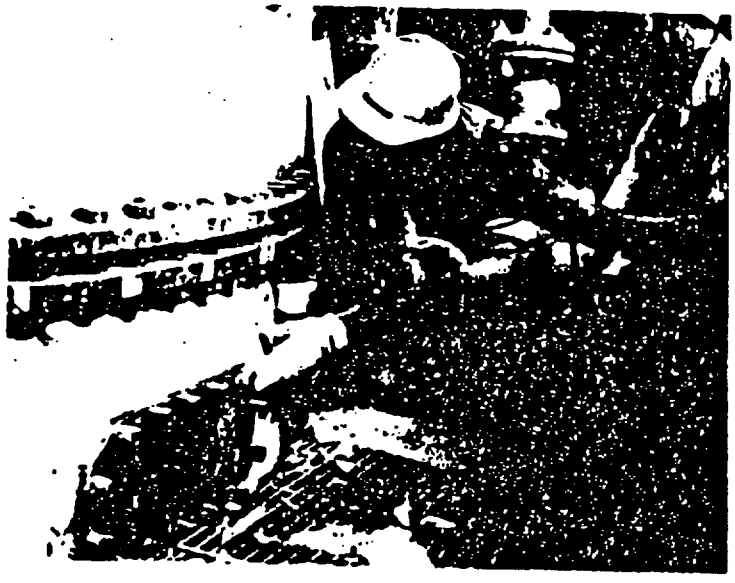


Figure 2. Applying insulation block. Breathing zone level air sample being collected in the foreground.

BLM-

PROJECT NO. 111

INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE EVALUATION AND SURVEY

Date 9-11-46 Time [illegible] Project Asbestos Insulation Unit on Gas

Department Maintenance Location Cell 12 & 11 Bldg. No. 112

Requested by _____ Reason Survey

General Conditions: Type insulation being installed is [illegible]
covered to keep on cell. 12 & 11

Sampling Method and Equipment Midget impinger containing 10 mls
distilled water & thermal anemometer

Shift: Day ___ Eve. ___ Mid ___ No. Employees ____ Sampled by Allen CGC

Sample Number	Zone	Sampling Time-Min.	Flow Rate	CONCENTRATION mg/cu.ft.	Conc. mg/cu.ft.	Conc. mg/cu.ft.
1		11	2.8	1.0	<0.1	<0.25
2		10	2.8	1.0	0.6	1.5
3		11	2.8	1.0	0.8	2.0
4		10	2.8	1.0	0.2	0.5

Special Conditions

Breathing level sample cell 12 & 11 (1st cut) Insulation being cut, fitted & covered to keep on cell. Cutting time approximately 2 min.

Same as for No. 1 cutting time 5 min.

Same as for No. 1 cutting time 8 min.

Breathing level sample cell 12 & 11 Insulation being cut, fitted & covered to keep on cell. Cutting time approximately 2 min.

Calculation:

5 10 2.8 1.0 <0.1 <0.25 Same as for No. 4

Remarks: Mid mg/cu.ft. × 2.8 × 10³ / cu.ft. × 10⁶ = mg/cc

AD4883

Sketch - See Reverse Side. Reference No. TND 45 Analyzed by [illegible] Date 9-20-46

Union Carbide trial exhibit UC-124: Bert Murray to D. C. Willard transmitting dust survey of employees cutting and in... Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
ACL Doc 15398 · Page 6 of 7 asbestosclaims.law/library/15398/6

PLANT 514

PROJECT NO. IH 66

INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE EVALUATION AND SURVEY

Date 4-13-66 Time 10:00 AM Project Dust in Air (Asbestos Insulation) floor (earth and) Bldg. No. 156

Department Maintenance nation of Concentration

Requested by Survey

General Conditions: locks (2 working cut (scored) re

application

Sampling Method and [illegible] ... net in ... containing 10 cc's dist. water ... net Sampler

Shift: Day ___ Eve. ___ Mid ___ No. Employees 5 Sampled by HH w/ - CGC

Sample Number	Zone	Sampling Time-Min	Flow Rate L/min	CONCENTRATION Net Count	CONCENTRATION MPPCF
1		10	2.8	1.0	<0.1	<0.25
2		10	2.8	1.0	0.8	2.0
3		10	2.8	1.0	2.2	5.5

Special Conditions

Breathing level employee as per outline of job. Another employee from same cutting nearby intermittently

Ditto

Ditto

A04884

Calculation:

Net count × $\frac{1.30 \times 10^3}{.6}$ = MPPCF

Remarks:

Sketch - See Reverse Side. Reference No. 6JND10 Analyzed by J. Haw Date 4-15-66