UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

In re:	)	Chapter 11
	)	
GLOBAL INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC., et al.,	)	Case No. 02-21626 (JKF)
	)	Jointly Administered
	)	
Debtors.	)	

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE APG ASBESTOS TRUST FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2018

The Trustee of the APG Asbestos Trust (the "**Trust**"), created pursuant to the Global Industrial Technologies, Inc. Third Amended Plan of Reorganization under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code dated December 28, 2005, hereby files this Annual Report of the APG Asbestos Trust for the period from January 1, 2018 until December 31, 2018 (the "**Reporting Period**"). Pursuant to Section 2.2(c)(i) of the Trust Agreement, attached as Exhibit A is a copy of the Trust's financial statements for the Reporting Period, prepared by a firm of independent certified public accountants accompanied by an opinion of auditors as to the fairness of the financial statements' presentation of the cash and investments available for the payment of claims in conformity with the special-purpose basis of accounting, and consistent with generally accepted auditing standards. The audited financial statements include a description of the amounts paid during the Reporting Period to the Trustee, the Trust Advisory Committee, and the Future Claimants Representative. Attached hereto as Exhibit B is a summary of the Trust's claims activity during the Reporting Period.[1]

[1] MFR Claims Processing, Inc. acts as the Trust's claims processing agent.

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/1

Dated: April 22, 2019

Respectfully submitted,

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP

/s/ John K. Gisleson

John K. Gisleson (PA62511)
One Oxford Centre
Thirty-Second Floor
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15219
Tel: 412-560-7435
Fax: 412-560-7001
jgisleson@morganlewis.com

-and-

KEATING, MUETHING & KLEKAMP PLL

Kevin E. Irwin (Ohio Bar No. 0021811)
Bethany P. Recht (Ohio Bar No. 0088478)
One East Fourth Street, Suite 1400
Cincinnati, Ohio 45202
Tel: (513) 579-6400
Fax: (513) 579-6457
kirwin@kmklaw.com
brecht@kmklaw.com

A.P. Green Asbestos Trust Annual Reports, 2018 annual report
ACL Doc 14179 · Page 2 of 27
Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/2

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on April 22, 2019, I electronically filed a true and correct copy of the Annual Report of the APG Asbestos Trust For the Year Ending December 31, 2018 with the Clerk of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania by using the CM/ECF system, and I furnished a copy of the forgoing document(s) to the following parties by regular United States mail:

TRUSTEE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

JAMES L. FERRARO
The Ferraro Law Firm
600 Brickell Avenue, 38th Floor
Miami, FL 33131

MATTHEW BERGMAN
Bergman Draper Ladenburg
821 2nd Avenue, Suite 2100
Seattle, WA 98104

ARMAND J. VOLTA, JR.
Law Offices of Peter G. Angelos, PC
100 North Charles Street, 22nd Floor
Baltimore, MD 21201

TAC COUNSEL

FRANCES GECKER
JOSEPH D. FRANK
FrankGecker
325 North LaSalle Street
Suite 625
Chicago, IL 60654

FUTURE CLAIMANTS REPRESENTATIVE

LAWRENCE FITZPATRICK
100 American Metro Blvd.
Suite 108
Hamilton, NJ 08619

FCR COUNSEL

EDWIN J. HARRON
Young, Conaway, Stargatt & Taylor
Rodney Square
1000 North King Street
Wilmington, DE 19801

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/3

REORGANIZATED DEBTORS

A. BRADLEY CRAMER
HarbisonWalker International, Inc.
1305 Cherrington Parkway, Suite 100
Moon Township, Pennsylvania 15108

ANDREW J. MUHA
Reed Smith LLP
Reed Smith Centre
225 Fifth Avenue
Suite 1200
Pittsburgh, PA 15222

/s/ John K. Gisleson
John K. Gisleson (PA62511)

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/4

EXHIBIT A

APG ASBESTOS TRUST

Special-Purpose Financial Statements
and
Report of Independent Auditors

Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/6

APG ASBESTOS TRUST

Table of Contents

	Page
Report of Independent Auditors	1 - 2
Financial Statements:	
Special-Purpose Statements of Net Claimants' Equity	3
Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity	4
Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements	5 – 18

BKM SOWAN HORAN
ACCOUNTANTS CONSULTANTS

15301 Dallas Parkway
Suite 960
Addison, Texas 75001
MAIN 214 545 3965
FAX 214 545 3966
www.bkmsh.com

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Trustee of
APG Asbestos Trust

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose financial statements of the APG Asbestos Trust (the Trust, organized in the State of Delaware), which comprise the special-purpose statements of net claimants' equity as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related special-purpose statements of changes in net claimants' equity for the years then ended, and the related notes to the special-purpose financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the special-purpose basis of accounting; this includes determining that the special-purpose basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in these circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the special-purpose financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the special-purpose financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the special-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net claimants' equity of the APG Asbestos Trust as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the changes in net claimants' equity for the years then ended in conformity with the special-purpose basis of accounting.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on a special-purpose basis of accounting and are not intended to be a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The special-purpose basis of accounting has been used in order to present the amount of equity presently available to current and future claimants to the Trust. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of the Trust, the Trustee, the beneficiaries of the Trust and the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. This restriction is not intended to limit the distribution of this report, which, upon filing with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, is a matter of public record.



Addison, Texas
April 15, 2019

APG ASBESTOS TRUST

Special-Purpose Statements of Net Claimants' Equity

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ **1,622,309**	$ 1,218,452
Insurance settlements receivable	**51,700,000**	65,800,000
Investments in marketable securities and certificate of deposit	**116,644,628**	133,782,280
Investment in HWI (Note 5)	**76,503,000**	73,600,000
Accrued interest and dividend income	**1,122,999**	1,328,441
Purchased interest	**10,239**	15,862
Prepaid expenses	**122,724**	119,048
Prepaid federal income taxes	**-**	136,155
Total assets	$ **247,725,899**	$ 276,000,238
LIABILITIES AND NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY		
Accrued expenses	$ **233,037**	$ 272,813
Accrued payments to claimants	**11,550,877**	13,223,980
Payable on pending investment purchases	**431,705**	31,009
Federal income tax payable	**37,659**	-
Deferred tax liability	**5,856,998**	7,719,237
Total liabilities	**18,110,276**	21,247,039
Net claimants' equity	$ **229,615,623**	$ 254,753,199

See accompanying notes to special-purpose financial statements.

APG ASBESTOS TRUST

Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity

	Years Ended December 31, 2018	2017
Net Claimants' Equity, Beginning of Year	$ **254,753,199**	$ 288,141,377
Additions		
Interest and dividend income from investments in marketable securities and certificate of deposit	**5,225,382**	5,461,434
Net gain on investments in marketable securities, net of management fees, custody fees and bond amortization	**-**	4,277,669
Dividend income from HWI (Note 5)	**-**	11,040
Net unrealized gain on investment in HWI (Note 5)	**2,903,000**	-
Income tax benefit	**1,265,425**	5,937,783
Other	**-**	150
Total additions	**9,393,807**	15,688,076
Deductions		
Payments to claimants	**25,405,588**	28,434,706
Net loss on investments in marketable securities, net of management fees, custody fees and bond amortization	**7,184,969**	-
Net unrealized loss on investment in HWI (Note 5)	**-**	18,400,000
Claims processing fees	**819,888**	1,201,219
Trustee fees and expenses	**348,313**	360,177
Financial consulting	**130,000**	130,000
Consulting fees	**120,188**	109,099
Legal fees	**114,197**	139,873
Accounting fees	**95,899**	72,628
Future Claimants' Representative fees and expenses	**95,427**	45,192
Trustee fiduciary fee	**78,816**	77,195
Insurance expense	**46,832**	47,852
Audit fees	**28,560**	27,685
Trust Advisory Committee member fees and expenses	**25,970**	17,449
Miscellaneous expenses	**16,045**	-
Foreign tax expense	**15,291**	9,179
Delaware Trustee fees and expenses	**4,000**	4,000
Arbitration expenses	**1,400**	-
Total deductions	**34,531,383**	49,076,254
Net Decrease in Net Claimants' Equity	**(25,137,576)**	(33,388,178)
Net Claimants' Equity, End of Year	$ **229,615,623**	$ 254,753,199

See accompanying notes to special-purpose financial statements.

A.P. Green Asbestos Trust Annual Reports, 2018 annual report
ACL Doc 14179 · Page 11 of 27
Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/11

Note 1 – Nature of Trust

Description of Trust

The APG Asbestos Trust (the Trust) was established in accordance with the Third Amended Plan of Reorganization (the Plan) of Global Industrial Technologies, Inc. and certain of its affiliates (Global), pursuant to Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. The purpose of the Trust is:

i. to assume liability for all APG Asbestos Trust Claims (as defined in the Plan, Claims) against Global;

ii. to use the Trust's assets and income to pay holders of valid Claims in such a way that all holders of similar asbestos claims, both current and future, are treated in a substantially equivalent manner, and

iii. to comply in all respects with the requirements for a trust set forth in Section 524(g)(2)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Trust was established on April 30, 2013, the Effective Date of the Plan (Effective Date), and is a Qualified Settlement Fund under Internal Revenue Code Section 468B for holders of Claims (Qualified Settlement Fund).

Pursuant to the Plan, Global transferred its rights under certain settled insurance policies to the Trust, including recoveries made under such policies in the amount of $153,508,753 (which was paid via cash transfers to the Trust on or around the Effective Date) as well as the right to receive $121,260,000 in future scheduled installment payments (see Note 3). In addition, to the extent that proceeds are received, the Trust is entitled to 94% of payments made under Global's insurance policies with certain insolvent insurance companies (the APG Silica Trust is entitled to the remaining 6%). The Trust also received $2,540,529 from an insurance settlement fund maintained by Global representing accrued interest. Finally, the Trust received a 21% common stock interest in Harbison Walker International (HWI) (formerly ANH Refractories Company), Global's parent company, with an initial fair value of $98,406,000 (see Note 5).

The Trust is governed by a Trust Agreement and Trust Distribution Procedures (TDP) that establish the framework and criteria for allowance and payment of Claims by the Trust. The Trust Agreement and TDP were approved by the United States District and Bankruptcy Courts as part of the Plan. There are seven disease levels specified in the TDP. Each claimant who meets the medical and exposure requirements of the TDP for a particular disease level may apply for expedited review and a specified payment amount. Claimants also have an alternative, under the TDP, to submit additional documentation and request a more expansive review of their Claim (Individual Review Process).

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/12

Note 1 – Nature of Trust – (Continued)

Description of Trust - continued

The Trust's assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, insurance settlements receivable, investments in marketable securities and a certificate of deposit, and common stock of a closely held company (HWI), which, with the earnings (or losses) on such investments, are intended to be totally consumed by the allowance and payment of Claims and operation of the Trust. The percentage amount of each allowed claim that will actually be paid will be determined by projections of total allowed Claims and operational expenses of the Trust, on the one hand, and total assets and net earnings (or losses) on the other. The opening date for the Pre-Petition Liquidated Claims review process was on or about December 3, 2013. The Trust began accepting Claims on or about March 6, 2014. The initial payment percentage has been set at 4.5% and is subject to periodic review and adjustment, in accordance with the Trust Agreement and the TDP. The Trustee is a fiduciary to the beneficiaries of the Trust, its claimants, and is responsible for administering the Trust and the Trust's assets in accordance with the Trust Agreement, the TDP and the Plan.

Any capitalized term used throughout this document that is not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning assigned to such term in the Plan.

Termination

The Trust Agreement (Section 7.2) provides that the Trust shall automatically terminate on the date ninety (90) days after the first to occur of the following events:

- The date on which the Trustee decides to dissolve the Trust because (A) the Trustee deems it unlikely that any new Claims will be filed against the Trust, (B) all Claims duly filed with the Trust have been liquidated and paid to the extent provided in the Trust Agreement and TDP, or disallowed by a final, non-appealable order, to the extent possible based upon the funds available through the Plan and (C) twelve (12) consecutive months have elapsed during which no Claims have been filed with the Trust.

- If the Trustee has procured and has in place irrevocable insurance policies and has established claims handling agreements and other necessary arrangements with suitable third parties adequate to discharge all expected remaining obligations and expenses of the Trust in a manner consistent with the Trust Agreement and the TDP, the date on which the Bankruptcy Court enters an order approving such insurance and other arrangements and such order becomes a final order, or

- To the extent that any rule against perpetuities shall be deemed applicable to the Trust, that date which is twenty-one (21) years less ninety-one (91) days after the death of the last survivor of all of the descendants of the late Joseph P. Kennedy, Sr., father of the late President John F. Kennedy, living on the date of the Trust agreement

Note 1 – Nature of Trust – (Continued)

Termination - continued

On the termination date or as soon as reasonably practicable, after the wind-up of the Trust's affairs by the Trustee and all the Trust's liabilities have been provided for as required by applicable law, all remaining assets shall be applied to such charitable purposes, if practicable, which shall be related to the treatment of research on, or the relief of individuals suffering from asbestos related lung disease or disorders.

Following the dissolution and distribution of the assets of the Trust, the Trust shall terminate, and the Trustee shall execute and file a certificate of cancellation for the Trust.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting

The Trust's special-purpose financial statements are prepared using special-purpose accounting methods that differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The special-purpose accounting methods are being used to better communicate the equity available to satisfy current and future Claims. Since the accompanying special-purpose financial statements and transactions are not based upon GAAP, accounting treatment by other parties for these same transactions may differ as to timing and amount. These special-purpose accounting methods and the differences from GAAP are summarized as follows:

- The special-purpose financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except as otherwise described herein.
- The statement of net claimants' equity is not classified, resulting in no separation between current and noncurrent assets.
- These special-purpose financial statements do not include a statement of cash flows.
- Cash and cash equivalents are recorded at cost with accrued income shown separately.
- The funding received from insurance settlements, the reorganized debtor and the APG Settlement Fund has been recorded directly to net claimants' equity. These funds do not represent taxable income to the Trust. Payments to claimants are reported as deductions from net claimants' equity and do not represent tax-deductible expenses of the Trust.

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/14

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

Basis of accounting - continued

- At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the liability for accrued payments to claimants reflected in the statements of net claimants' equity represents unpaid outstanding and accepted offers. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, offers outstanding more than a year total $5,753,323 and $5,516,809. No liability is recorded for future Claims filings and filed Claims on which no offer has been made. Net claimants equity represents funding available to pay present and future Claims on which no liability has been recorded.

- The Trust's investments in marketable securities are considered as available for sale. The unrealized holding gains (losses) on these investments are included in net gain or loss on investments in marketable securities, net of management fees, custody fees and bond amortization on the accompanying statements of changes in net claimants' equity. Under GAAP, the unrealized holdings gain (losses) on available for sale investments would be included as a component of net claimants' equity reported as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

- The investment in HWI has not been accounted for under the equity method in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements, as would be required under GAAP, because the interest is held solely to pay Claims and the objective of these special-purpose financial statements is to communicate the equity available over the life of the Trust to current and future claimants. In addition, the value of the investment in HWI is reported based on the most recent information available to the Trust. At December 31, 2018, and 2017, the investment in HWI is reported at the fair market value based upon a valuation report prepared by an independent valuation firm. These reports are as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 and the fair market value is recorded one year in arrears in the special-purpose financial statements. See Note 5. Under GAAP, the investment would be measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis in the statements of net claimants' equity after initial recognition, with quantitative disclosures presented in a tabular format.

- As described in Note 3, insurance settlements receivable is recorded based on the maximum amounts provided for in the agreements and no provision for potential uncollectible receivables has been recorded. These receivables have not been discounted to estimated present value.

Use of estimates

The preparation of special-purpose financial statements in conformity with the special-purpose accounting method requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the special-purpose financial statements and the reported amounts of additions and deductions from net claimants' equity during the reporting periods.

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/15

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

Use of estimates - continued
Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying value of financial instruments and investments, collectability of insurance settlements receivable, current and deferred income tax expense, and the accrued payments to claimants. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Financial instruments
The Trust's financial instruments are cash and cash equivalents, insurance settlements receivable, accrued investment income, marketable securities and certificate of deposit, the investment in HWI, accrued expenses and payments to claimants. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income, and accrued expenses approximate their fair values based on their short-term nature. The carrying amount of marketable securities and the certificate of deposit is based on fair value. The carrying amount of the insurance settlements receivable and payments to claimants approximate fair value and are based on management's estimates. The carrying amount of the investment in HWI is based on a report from an independent valuation firm.

Cash and cash equivalents
The Trust considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity value of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of PNC Treasury Plus money market funds at December 31, 2018, and 2017.

Concentrations of credit risk
Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Trust to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, insurance settlements receivable, investments in marketable securities and certificate of deposit, and the investment in HWI. The Trust maintains its cash and cash equivalents in accounts that are not federally insured but considers them to be of high credit quality. The Trust has not experienced any losses in such accounts, and it does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk.

The Trust's investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risk. Due to the level or risk associated with investments, it is at least reasonably possible that significant changes in risks in the near term may materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. However, the Trust has a formal investment policy of placing investments in high-quality financial institutions. In addition, the Trust has the ability to attempt to sell and liquidate their ownership in HWI in an orderly manner.

Insurance settlements receivable
The Trust records insurance settlements as a receivable after all conditions are met in accordance with the related signed settlement agreements. No provision for potentially uncollectible insurance settlement receivables has been made.

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/16

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

Insurance settlements receivable - continued
Management currently believes the receivable is fully collectible. In addition, the receivable has not been discounted to estimated net present value, and no allowance has been made for the contingency that less than the full settlement amount may be received.

Investments in marketable securities and HWI and related income
Investments in marketable securities are reported at fair value in the special-purpose statements of net claimants' equity and changes in the fair value of investments, as well as realized gains and losses are included in net gain or loss on investments in marketable securities, net of management fees, custody fees and bond amortization reported in the special-purpose statements of changes in net claimants' equity. All marketable securities are deemed by management to be available for sale and are reported at fair value with net holding unrealized gains or losses reported within net claimants' equity. Purchases and sales of marketable securities are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses on disposals of investments are determined by the specific identification method. Interest and dividend income are recognized on the accrual basis. Investments considered to be permanently impaired in value are written down to their estimated net realizable value and the write down is recorded as a realized loss on investments. Unrealized losses that are other-than-temporary based upon management's estimates using quantitative and qualitative criteria are recognized as realized investment losses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the investment in HWI is reported at the fair market value based upon a valuation report which was prepared by an independent valuation firm as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. These reports are one year in arrears and the most recent information available to the Trust. Changes in fair market value of the investment are included in net gain or loss on investment in HWI in the special-purpose statements of changes in net claimants' equity. Dividends and any other earnings are recorded upon receipt in the special-purpose statements of changes in net claimants' equity.

Net claimants' equity
The Trust, under the adopted special-purpose accounting convention, does not record the liability for future Claims expected to be filed over the life of the Trust. The net claimants' equity is available for (i) the payments of allowed Claims and (ii) operational expenses of the Trust.

Income taxes
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded based on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and income tax purposes using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is established when it is likely that the deferred tax assets may not be realized.

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/17

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

Income taxes - continued

No provision for state income taxes was recorded because, as a Delaware trust, the Trust has no state income tax return filing obligation and is not obligated to pay state income taxes. Funds received by the Trust from Global, insurance settlements and the APG Settlement Fund and distributions paid to settle Claims are not taxable or deductible by the Trust.

The Trustee's estimate of the potential outcome of any uncertain tax issues is subject to management's assessment of relevant risks, facts, and circumstances existing at that time. The Trust uses a more likely than not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. To the extent that the Trustee's assessment of such tax position changes, the change in estimate is recorded in the period in which the determination is made. The Trust reports tax-related interest and penalties as a component of income tax expense and operating expenses, respectively. The Trust has no unrecognized tax benefits.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. Certain legal fees were reclassified to Trust Advisory Committee member fees and expenses and Future Claimants' Representative ("FCR") fees and expenses. Certain consulting fees were reclassified to FCR fees and expenses. These reclassifications had no effect on the previously reported net decrease in net claimants' equity.

Subsequent events

The Trust has evaluated subsequent events through April 15, 2019, the date the special-purpose financial statements were available to be issued, and determined there were no significant events that were either required to be recorded as of December 31, 2018, or disclosed in the special-purpose financial statements.

Note 3 – Insurance Settlements Receivable

As part of the Plan, Global pursued claims against various insurance companies that provided coverage to Global over the period of its operations. Global reached settlements with respect to substantially all of the relevant insurance coverage. The amounts receivable under these settlements have been recognized in the financial statements. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the insurance settlement receivable is due from one insurance company.

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/18

Note 3 – Insurance Settlements Receivable – (Continued)

Future maturities of the insurance settlements receivable are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	2019	$	14,100,000
	2020		14,100,000
	2021		14,100,000
	2022		9,400,000
		$	51,700,000

Note 4 – Investments in Marketable Securities and Certificate of Deposit

Fair value measurements

The Trust measures its investments, at fair value, according to a hierarchy of valuation techniques. The following are the levels of the hierarchy and a brief description of the type of valuation information ("inputs") that qualifies an investment for each level:

Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date. The type of investments in Level I include short-term investments and listed equity securities.

Level 2 – Pricing inputs are other than quoted market prices included in Level I, however, are observable indirectly for the investment. The Trust includes its corporate and municipal bonds and asset backed securities in Level II, because these pricing inputs are indirectly evident through interest rates for commonly quoted credit risks.

Level 3 – Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/19

Note 4 – Investments in Marketable Securities and Certificate of Deposit – (Continued)

Fair value measurements – continued

The valuations of the Trust's investments in marketable securities by the above fair value hierarchy levels and the corresponding cost of the investments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

	December 31, 2018			
	Level	Market Value	Cost	Unrealized Gains (Losses)
Certificate of deposit	1	$ 262,872	$ 262,872	$ -
Equity securities				
Mutual funds	1	17,076,743	18,352,112	(1,275,369)
Common stocks	1	7,556,508	5,761,158	1,795,350
Total equity securities		24,633,251	24,113,270	519,981
Corporate bonds	2	7,979,716	8,265,510	(285,794)
Municipal bonds	2	80,982,571	79,153,571	1,829,000
Asset backed securities	2	2,786,218	2,816,681	(30,463)
Total		$ 116,644,628	$ 114,611,904	$ 2,032,724

Note 4 – Investments in Marketable Securities and Certificate of Deposit – (Continued)

Fair value measurements – continued

		December 31, 2017		
	Level	Market Value	Cost	Unrealized Gains (Losses)
Certificate of deposit	1	$ 259,030	$ 259,030	$ -
Equity securities				
Mutual funds	1	19,130,117	16,078,902	3,051,215
Common stocks	1	9,396,129	6,089,469	3,306,660
Total equity securities		28,526,246	22,168,371	6,357,875
Corporate bonds	2	8,551,681	8,533,193	18,488
Municipal bonds	2	93,452,575	89,840,619	3,611,956
Asset backed securities	2	2,992,748	3,012,265	(19,517)
Total		$ 133,782,280	$ 123,813,478	$ 9,968,802

Maturities of the Trust's debt securities at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

	Market Value	Cost	Unrealized Gains (Losses)
Due in one year or less	$ 4,853,815	$ 4,892,834	$ (39,019)
Due after one year through five years	28,078,230	27,801,213	277,017
Due after five years through ten years	46,728,647	45,585,611	1,143,036
Due after ten years through twenty years	11,576,524	11,443,386	133,138
Due after twenty years	511,289	512,718	(1,429)
Total	$ 91,748,505	$ 90,235,762	$ 1,512,743

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/21

Note 4 – Investments in Marketable Securities and Certificate of Deposit – (Continued)

Investment income

The net gain (loss) on investments in marketable securities is calculated as follows for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	2018	2017
Realized gains	$ **2,395,949**	$ 1,709,385
Unrealized gains (losses)	**(7,936,078)**	4,422,340
Investment management fees	**(253,131)**	(276,808)
Custody fees	**(32,580)**	(36,898)
Bond amortization	**(1,359,129)**	(1,540,350)
Net gain (loss) on investments	$ **(7,184,969)**	$ 4,277,669

Note 5 – Investment in HWI

The Trust owns 21% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of HWI. During 2013, HWI authorized the payment of a dividend in the amount of $170 million, payable in December 2013. The Trust received $35.7 million in accordance with its 21% ownership share. Since HWI had no current or accumulated earnings and profits as of December 31, 2013, the dividend was a return of capital. In connection with this transaction, HWI deposited an additional $10 million into a money market account to indemnify the Trust and the other 79% owner of HWI in the event of a dispute with any taxing authority that may arise as a result of the dividend payment.

The term of the money market account and indemnification agreement is through December 31, 2020. The remaining balance in the money market account after the termination of the agreement shall be delivered to HWI.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Board of Directors of HWI did not declare any dividends and the Trust did not receive any dividends. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Board of Directors of HWI declared dividends in the aggregate amount of $52,570. The Trust received its 21% share, or $11,040, during the year ended December 31, 2017.

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/22

Note 5 – Investment in HWI – (Continued)

Activity for the investment in HWI for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, is as follows:

		2018		2017
Balance, beginning of the year	$	**73,600,000**	$	92,000,000
Net unrealized gain (loss) in HWI		**2,903,000**		(18,400,000)
Balance, end of the year	$	**76,503,000**	$	73,600,000

Note 6 – Taxation

The Trust reports its income to the Internal Revenue Service as a designated settlement fund which is taxed at the highest rate applicable to trusts under Section 1(e) of the Code, which was 37% and 39.6% as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

On December 22, 2017, Public Law No. 115-97 generally known as Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA), was enacted into law. The TCJA included a number of changes to existing U.S. tax laws that impacted the Trust, most notably a reduction of the Trust's maximum tax rate from 39.6% to 37% and adjustments to net operating loss (NOL) carryforwards. For NOLs incurred in years beginning after December 31, 2017, the NOLs will be limited to 80% of modified taxable income without expiration. NOLs generated prior to January 1, 2018 will carry forward 20 years under pre-TCJA law. In accordance with Accounting Standard Codification 740, "Income Taxes", the impact of change in tax law is recorded in the period of enactment.

As a result of TCJA, the Trust revised the deferred tax assets and liabilities as required due to changes in the statutory rate.

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/23

Note 6 – Taxation

The Trust's federal income tax expense is calculated as follows for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017:

		2018		2017
Modified taxable income	**$**	**1,613,010**	$	353,037
Tax rate		**37.0%**		39.6%
Federal income tax expense		**596,814**		139,803
Deferred income tax benefit		**(1,862,239)**		(5,535,153)
Deferred income tax benefit on rate changes		**-**		(542,433)
Net income tax benefit	**$**	**(1,265,425)**	$	(5,937,783)

Temporary differences between financial reporting income and taxable income generate deferred tax liabilities, as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, as follows:

		2018		2017
Unrealized gain on investment in HWI	**$**	**(5,104,890)**	$	(4,030,780)
Unrealized gain on investments in marketable securities		**(752,108)**		(3,688,457)
Deferred tax liability	**$**	**(5,856,998)**	$	(7,719,237)

During the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Trust made cash payments for income taxes of $423,000 and $100,000, respectively. The amount of income taxes the Trust pays is subject to ongoing audits by federal authorities.

Note 7 – Trust Advisory Committee and Future Claimants' Representative

The Trust Agreement sets forth the role and responsibility of the Trust Advisory Committee (TAC) and Future Claimants' Representative (FCR). The members of the TAC serve in a fiduciary capacity representing all holders of present Claims (Current Claimants).

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/24

Note 7 – Trust Advisory Committee and Future Claimants' Representative – (Continued)

The Trustee is required to consult with or obtain the consent of the TAC on certain matters identified in the Trust Agreement and the TDP. The TAC is comprised of three attorneys who are engaged by Current Claimants.

The FCR serves in a fiduciary capacity, representing the interests of the individuals who may file a Claim in the future, but who at this time are unknown to the Trust (Future Asbestos Claimants). The Trustee is required to consult with or obtain the consent of FCR on certain matters identified in the Trust Agreement and the TDP.

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/25

EXHIBIT B

APG Asbestos Trust

Report of Asbestos PI Claim Activity and Disposition during the Period from January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018

Type of Claim	Number of Claims Filed	Number of Claims Approved for Payment [1]	Number of Claims Withdrawn or Rejected	Value of Approved Claims	Number of Approved Claims Paid	Amount Paid on Approved Claims after Application of Payment Percentage
Pre-Petition Liquidated Claims	73	65	56	$698,800	439	$402,948
Category A Claims (Disease Levels III - VII)	8,328	6,732	16,209	$424,414,132	7,258	$21,277,428
Category B Claims (Disease Levels I and II)	16,212	28,244	35,119	$137,382,872	24,185	$5,405,893
Disease Level Not Specified	0	0	0	$0	0	$0

Note: [1] This number may include claims that were filed prior to January 1, 2018

Published by AsbestosClaims.Law
asbestosclaims.law/library/14179/27