IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA

IN RE:	*	NUMBER
THE BABCOCK & WILCOX COMPANY,	*	00-10992
	*	SECTION "B"
DEBTOR(S)	*	CHAPTER 11
	*	REORGANIZATION

Jointly Administered With

DIAMOND POWER INTERNATIONAL	*	00-10993
BABCOCK & WILCOX CONSTRUCTION	*	00-10994
AMERICON, INC.	*	00-10995

NOTICE OF FILING ANNUAL REPORT AND CLAIMS SUMMARY

The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust (the "Trust") hereby files its Audited Financial Statements for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019 and an Annual Report for the period covered by the Audited Financial Statements. The Annual Report and Financial Statements are attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos Personal Injury Trust Agreement, the Trust is providing copies of the Annual Report and the Financial Statements to the Trust Advisory Committee, the Legal Representative, the United States Trustee, and the Reorganized Debtor.

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{B1651267.1}

Date: April 29, 2020

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{B1651267.1}

EXHIBIT 1

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IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA

In re:	*	NUMBER
THE BABCOCK & WILCOX COMPANY,	*	00-10992
	*	SECTION "B"
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DIAMOND POWER INTERNATIONAL	*	00-10993
BABCOCK & WILCOX CONSTRUCTION	*	00-10994
AMERICON, INC.	*	00-10995

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNT OF
THE BABCOCK & WILCOX COMPANY ASBESTOS PI TRUST
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2019

James J. McMonagle, Jack T. Marionneaux, and Philip A. Pahigian, the Trustees of The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust (the "Trust"), created pursuant to the Joint Plan of Reorganization as of September 28, 2005, as amended through January 17, 2006 (the "Plan") submit this Annual Report, Financial Statements, and Claims Summary for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

I. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Annual Report is to comply with the reporting requirements of the Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos Personal Injury Trust Agreement (the "Trust Agreement") and to report to the Court on the actions taken by the Trustees on behalf of the Trust during the period from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019 (the "Reporting Period").

Section 2.2(d) of the Trust Agreement provides:

> The Trustees shall timely account to the Bankruptcy Court as follows:
>
> (i) The Trustees shall cause to be prepared and filed with the Bankruptcy Court, as soon as available, and in any event within one hundred and twenty (120) days following the end of each fiscal year, an annual report containing financial statements of

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> the Asbestos PI Trust (including, without limitation, a balance sheet of the Asbestos PI Trust as of the end of such fiscal year and a statement of operations for such fiscal year) audited by a firm of independent certified public accountants selected by the Trustees and accompanied by an opinion of such firm as to the fairness of the financial statements' presentation of the cash and investments available for the payment of claims and as to the conformity of the financial statements with generally accepted accounting principles. The Trustees shall provide a copy of such report to the TAC, the FCR, and the Reorganized Debtors when such reports are filed with the Bankruptcy Court.
>
> (ii) Simultaneously with delivery of each set of financial statements referred to in Section 2.2(d)(i) above, the Trustees shall cause to be prepared and filed with the Bankruptcy Court a report containing a summary regarding the number and type of claims disposed of during the period covered by the financial statements. The Trustees shall provide a copy of such report to the TAC, the FCR, and the Reorganized Debtors when such report is filed.
>
> (iii) All materials required to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court by this Section 2.2(d) shall be available for inspection by the public in accordance with procedures established by the Bankruptcy Court and shall be filed with the Office of the United States Trustee for the Eastern District of Louisiana.

The Trust Agreement further provides for the inclusion of a description of the amounts paid to the Trustees, the Trust Advisory Committee (the "TAC"), and the Future Claimants' Representative (the "FCR") in the accounts filed with the Bankruptcy Court. See Sections 4.5(c), 5.6, and 6.5.

II. BACKGROUND

On February 22, 2000, B&W, Americon, Diamond Power, and B&W Construction (the "Debtors") filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Code. The Chapter 11 cases were consolidated for procedural purposes and jointly administered pursuant to an Order of the Court. On December 28, 2005, the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana (the "Bankruptcy Court") recommended confirmation of the

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Plan in Consolidated Case Nos. 00-10992 through 00-10995. On January 17, 2006, the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana entered an Order confirming the Plan. On February 22, 2006 (the "Effective Date"), the Plan became effective and the Trustees began to operate the Trust.

On the Effective Date, pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Trust was funded with the McDermott Consideration, as that term is defined in the Plan. The purpose of the Trust is to assume the liabilities of the Debtors, their predecessors and successors in interest, arising from or related to Asbestos PI Trust Claims, as defined in the Plan, and to use the assets of the Trust to pay both present and future asbestos claimants in such a way that the holders of Asbestos PI Trust Claims are treated fairly. See Trust Agreement, Section 1.2.

III. TRUST ADMINISTRATION

A. Trustees

James J. McMonagle, Jack T. Marionneaux, and Philip A. Pahigian served as the Trustees of the Trust during the Reporting Period. Mr. McMonagle served as the Managing Trustee during the Reporting Period.

1. Meetings

During the Reporting Period, the Trustees held formal meetings in accordance with the requirements of the Trust Agreement. These meetings were designated as "regular meetings" under the Trust's By-laws. Each meeting was in person and was attended by representatives of the TAC and the FCR. In addition to these formal meetings, the Trustees held regularly scheduled weekly teleconferences, met individually with Trust advisors, held executive sessions and special purpose meetings, including meetings to address Trust policies and claims processing matters and meetings with the Trust's investment advisor and investment managers, and devoted

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considerable time to Trust matters outside of scheduled meetings. Activities included exercising oversight over the investment and liquidation of Trust assets to pay claims and the Trust's processes to receive, process, and pay claims pursuant to the Trust Distribution Procedures, communicating with claimants regarding the processing of claims, continual monitoring of the claims and investment processes and supervising various insurance-related matters.

2. Compensation

The compensation and expenses paid to the Trustees during the Reporting Period is set forth in the Trust's financial statements attached hereto as Exhibit "A." The inclusion of this information in the Trust's financial statements satisfies the requirements of Section 4.5(c) of the Trust Agreement. All distributions related to Trustee compensation and expense reimbursements were made in accordance with the Trust Agreement guidelines and applicable By-laws.

B. Trust Officers

B. Thomas Florence served as the Trust's Executive Director and John Brophy served as the Trust's Assistant Executive Director during the Reporting Period.

C. Trust Advisory Committee

During the Reporting Period Russell W. Budd, Steven Kazan, Peter A. Kraus, Bruce Mattock, Joseph F. Rice, Perry Weitz, John Cooney, and John A. Baden served as Members of the TAC during the Reporting Period.[1] Mr. Rice served until the expiration of his term on February 21, 2019, after which Mr. Baden succeeded Mr. Rice as a Member of the TAC. The compensation and expenses paid to the Members of the TAC during the Reporting Period is set forth in the Trust's financial statements. The inclusion of this information in the Trust's financial statements satisfies the requirements of Section 5.6 of the Trust Agreement. All

[1] Effective as of April 17, 2015, the Trust Agreement was amended with the consent of the TAC and FCR to increase the number of TAC members to seven (7). John Cooney became the seventh TAC member.

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distributions related to compensation and expense reimbursements to Members of the TAC were made in accordance with the Trust Agreement guidelines and applicable By-laws.

D. Future Claimants' Representative

Eric D. Green served as the FCR during the Reporting Period. The compensation and expenses paid to the FCR during the Reporting Period is set forth in the Trust's financial statements. The inclusion of this information in the Trust's financial statements satisfies the requirements of Section 6.5 of the Trust Agreement. All distributions related to FCR compensation and expense reimbursements were made in accordance with the Trust Agreement guidelines and applicable By-laws.

E. Claims Processing

The Delaware Claims Processing Facility, LLC continues to process The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust claims. The terms of the Trust's ownership interest in the Delaware Claims Processing Facility are detailed in the Audited Financial Statements.[1]

F. Investment Management

Cambridge Associates LLC of Boston, Massachusetts continues to serve as the Trust's investment advisor. Cambridge Associates represents other asbestos settlement trusts and has significant experience advising such trusts regarding investment management. Cambridge Associates advises the Trustees on asset allocation, meeting liquidity needs, and the selection and oversight of individual investment managers for the investable portions of the Trust's portfolio. The Trust's invested assets are allocated in compliance with the Trust's investment guidelines. At the end of the reporting period, the target allocation was as follows: 65.7% of the Trust's invested assets are committed to fixed income (16.3% is allocated to short-

[1] Audited Financial Statements at Note 3.

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term municipal bonds and/or cash and 49.4% to intermediate-term municipal bonds); 6.4% of the Trust's invested assets are committed to hedge funds; and the remaining 27.9% of the Trust's invested assets are committed to equities (11.7% are allocated to U.S. equity managers and 16.2% are allocated to non-U.S. equity managers). The portfolio was in line with the target allocation at year-end 2019. Over the last three years, net of fees, the Trust has earned 5.4% annually.

The Trust continues to retain the following managers: Harding, Loevner LP, Northern Trust and Sanderson Asset Management Limited as non-U.S. equity managers; Northern Trust as U.S. equity manager; Eaton Vance and Standish Mellon as intermediate-term municipal bond managers; and UBS as a short-term municipal bond manager. Northern Trust served as Custodian for the Trust's separately-managed investment accounts. One of the Trust's actively managed non-U.S. equity managers is invested through a commingled vehicle that has a separate custodian (selected by the investment manager). The Trust utilizes custodian accounts, wire transfers and zero-balance banking accounts to reduce its exposure to systemic banking system risk.

The Trust was invested with the following hedge funds during the reporting period: Covalent Capital Partners, Crestwood Capital Partners, Falcon Edge Global, Blue Mountain Credit Alt Fund, Davidson Kempner Partners, GSO Special Situations, DL Partners Opportunities, and Standard Life GARS. The Trust is invested in its hedge fund managers through commingled Limited Partnership vehicles. Limited Partnerships utilize independent third party administrators and a separate custodian. The managers in the Trust's hedge fund program invest in well diversified arbitrage strategies and secondarily in long/short equity strategies. Broadly speaking, the hedge fund program is intended to generate, over a full market

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cycle, close to equity-like returns with lower volatility and lower correlation to the rest of the Trust's portfolio. The other expected benefits of the hedge fund program are diversification (e.g., access to specialized strategies not otherwise available in the other equity or fixed income investments), superior performance (versus long-only equities) in down equity markets, and access to some of the most talented investment managers. At Cambridge Associates' recommendation, the Trust has retained hedge fund managers who use no or minimal leverage, who employ trading strategies that are understandable to the Trustees, and who provide appropriate portfolio transparency to Cambridge Associates and to the Trust.

During the Reporting Period, the Trustees regularly met with Cambridge for updates and reports on the investments. In addition, in May 2019, the Trustees held an Annual Review meeting where they met with certain of the Trust's equity, hedge fund and fixed income managers to review each organization, investment strategy, performance and market outlook for the upcoming year.

G. Insurance Coverage Matters

Prior to the Effective Date of the Plan of Reorganization, the Debtors and other Plan Proponents reached settlement agreements that required the Debtors' historical insurers to make cash payments to or for the benefit of the Trust. Certain of those agreements required the settling insurers to make payments into escrow accounts during the pendency of the bankruptcy case; those escrow accounts were released to the Trust in the first quarter of 2006. The remainder of those agreements required the settling insurers to make payments to the Trust after the Plan's Effective Date in 2006; the Trust now has received all such payments.

Since 2006, the Trust's Special Insurance Counsel (Gilbert LLP) has engaged in settlement discussions with, and has filed claims in the insolvency proceedings of, the Debtors'

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historical insurers with which the Debtors and other Plan Proponents did not settle in advance of the Plan's Effective Date. All settlement discussions and insolvency filings commenced to date have concluded, resulting in additional recoveries for the Trust. The Trust continues to receive some of these recoveries, including when insolvent insurers accelerate distributions or increase their distribution percentages. For example, in 2019, the Trust coordinated the payment of an additional distribution from the estate of one such insurer. The Trust continues to monitor potential opportunities to recover additional sums.

The Trust anticipates that its insurance-recovery efforts will continue at least through 2020.

H. General Counsel

Campbell & Levine, LLC of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania and Wilmington, Delaware continued to serve as general counsel to the Trust. Baldwin Haspel Burke & Mayer, LLC of New Orleans, Louisiana continued to serve as local counsel.

IV. ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNT

A. Summary of Claims

As of December 31, 2019, the Trust had paid a total of 9,234 Pre-Petition Liquidated PI Trust Claims. Of the claims paid, there were 679 malignancy claims and 8,555 non-malignancy claims. After application of the payment percentage and applicable sequencing adjustment, the Trust has paid approximately $62.3 million to asbestos victims in settlement of their Pre-Petition Liquidated PI Trust Claims. The malignant to nonmalignant ratio of the Pre-Petition Liquidated PI Trust Claims paid in number was 1/13 and the malignant to nonmalignant ratio of the Pre-Petition Liquidated Trust Claims in dollars paid was 1.1/1.

As of December 31, 2019, the Trust had received 647,197 Unliquidated PI Trust Claims

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and had paid a total of 325,970 claims. Of the claims paid, there were 85,664 malignancy claims and 240,306 non-malignancy claims. After application of the payment percentage and applicable sequencing adjustment, the Trust had paid approximately $1,805 million to asbestos victims in settlement of their Unliquidated PI Trust Claims. The malignant to nonmalignant ratio of the Unliquidated PI Trust Claims paid in number was 1/2.8. and the malignant to nonmalignant ratio of the Unliquidated Trust Claims in dollars paid was 3/1.

During the Reporting Period, the Trust paid a total of 0 (zero) Pre-Petition Liquidated PI Trust Claims. After application of the payment percentage and applicable sequencing adjustment, the Trust paid approximately $0 to asbestos victims in settlement of their Pre-Petition Liquidated PI Trust Claims.

During the Reporting Period, the Trust received 22,429 Unliquidated PI Trust Claims. Out of the Trust's pending claims filed since inception, the Trust paid a total of 14,852 claims during the reporting period. Of the claims paid, there were 4,575 malignancy claims and 10,277 non-malignancy claims. After application of the payment percentage and applicable sequencing adjustment, the Trust paid approximately $37.00 million to asbestos victims in settlement of their Unliquidated PI Trust Claims. The malignant to nonmalignant ratio of the Unliquidated PI Trust Claims paid in number was 1/2.25 and the malignant to nonmalignant ratio of the Unliquidated Trust Claims in dollars paid was 3.59/1.

A summary of the claims processing procedures and policies may be found at the Trust website at www.bwasbestostrust.com.

B. Reconsideration of Payment Percentage

Section 4.2 of the Trust Distribution Procedures requires that the Trustees reconsider the payment percentage if they deem such reconsideration to be appropriate in order, among other

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things, to assure that the Trust will be able to pay similarly situated current and future claimants as equitably as reasonably possible.

As required by Section 4.2 of the Trust Distribution Procedures, the Trustees based their decision on current estimates of the number, types and values of present and future claims against the Trust, the value of assets currently available to claims payments, anticipated processing, administrative and legal expenses, and other material matters that the Trustees and their advisors considered to be reasonably likely to affect the sufficiency of the assets to pay a comparable percentage of full value to all holders of claims against the Trust.

During such reconsideration, the Trustees consulted with the TAC and the FCR of the Trust as required by Section 2.2 of the Trust Agreement. After concluding the consultation and consent process, on August 2, 2019, pursuant to Section 4.3 of the TDP, the Trustees notified all claimants and counsel that the payment percentage was being recalculated from 11.9% to 8.8%.

C. Financial Information

The Trust's audited financial statements for the Reporting Period are attached hereto as Exhibit "A." The financial statements were audited by BDO USA LLP .

Date: April 29, 2020

BALDWIN HASPEL SIGNATURE LINE

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Counsel to The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust

EXHIBIT A

The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust

Audited Special-Purpose Financial Statements with Supplementary Information

Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

The report accompanying these financial statements was issued by BDO USA, LLP, a Delaware limited liability partnership and the U.S. member of BDO International Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee.

The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust

Audited Special-Purpose Financial Statements with Supplementary Information

Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

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The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust

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Independent Auditor's Report

Trustees
The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust
Wilmington, Delaware

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose financial statements of The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust (the Trust) (a statutory trust created under the laws of the State of Delaware), which comprise the special-purpose statements of assets, liabilities, and net assets available for the payment of claims as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related special-purpose statements of changes in net assets available for the payment of claims and the special-purpose statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the special-purpose financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Special-Purpose Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these special-purpose financial statements in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 2 to the special-purpose financial statements. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of special-purpose financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these special-purpose financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the special-purpose financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the special-purpose financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the special-purpose financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the special-purpose financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

BDO USA, LLP, a Delaware limited liability partnership, is the U.S. member of BDO International Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, and forms part of the international BDO network of independent member firms.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the special-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets and liabilities of The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the additions, deductions, and cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 2 to the special-purpose financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 2 of the special-purpose financial statements, which describes the special-purpose basis of accounting. As described in Note 2 of the special-purpose financial statements, these special-purpose financial statements were prepared on a special-purpose basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter. The special-purpose basis of accounting has been used in order to communicate the amount of net assets presently available to fund current and future claimants.

Restriction of Use

Our report is intended solely for the information and use of the Trust and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified party. This restriction is not intended to limit the distribution of this report which, upon filing with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana, is a matter of public record.

BDO USA, LLP

April 27, 2020

Special-Purpose Financial Statements

The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust

Special-Purpose Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets Available for the Payment of Claims

December 31,	2019	2018
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 17,663,732	$ 29,118,257
Investments, at fair value		
Bonds	251,840,031	265,214,046
Equity securities	84,427,639	66,012,345
Alternative investments	47,941,462	44,453,091
Interest and other receivables	3,701,927	3,125,213
Total assets	405,574,791	407,922,952
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses and accounts payable	1,100,214	496,924
Settled but unpaid claims	432,893	1,632,698
Total liabilities	1,533,107	2,129,622
Net assets available for the payment of claims	$ 404,041,684	$ 405,793,330

See accompanying notes to the special-purpose financial statements.

The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust

Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Assets Available for the Payment of Claims

Years Ended December 31,	2019	2018
Additions		
Insurance recoveries	$ 707,307	$ 2,403,190
Net appreciation in fair value of investment securities	26,723,232	-
Net change in fair value of alternative investments	4,232,829	-
Interest and dividend income, net	9,514,490	10,181,235
Total additions	41,177,858	12,584,425
Deductions		
Net depreciation in fair value of investment securities	-	11,096,379
Net change in fair value of alternative investments	-	6,290,130
Personal injury claims expenses	35,792,394	39,521,535
Operating expenses	4,700,262	4,825,145
Claims processing expenses	2,466,535	2,197,360
Income tax (refund) expense	(29,687)	2,238,000
Total deductions	42,929,504	66,168,549
Decrease in net assets available for the payment of claims	(1,751,646)	(53,584,124)
Net assets available for the payment of claims		
Beginning of the year	405,793,330	459,377,454
End of the year	$ 404,041,684	$ 405,793,330

See accompanying notes to the special-purpose financial statements.

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The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust

Special-Purpose Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended December 31,	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Decrease in net assets available for the payment of claims	$ (1,751,646)	$ (53,584,124)
Adjustments to reconcile the decrease in net assets available for the payment of claims to net cash used in operating activities:		
Amortization of premiums on bonds, net	4,620,865	5,129,743
Net (appreciation) depreciation in fair value of investment securities	(26,723,232)	11,096,379
Net change in fair value of alternative investments	(4,232,829)	6,290,130
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Interest and other receivables	(576,714)	85,441
Accrued expenses and accounts payable	603,290	(9,268)
Settled but unpaid claims	(1,199,805)	738,324
Income taxes payable	-	(1,962,000)
Total adjustments	(27,508,425)	21,368,749
Net cash used in operating activities	(29,260,071)	(32,215,375)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Sales and maturities of bonds	102,055,557	141,461,175
Purchases of bonds	(83,463,508)	(116,444,341)
Purchases of equity securities	(12,616,624)	(10,031,990)
Sales of equity securities	11,085,663	14,281,972
Reinvestment of income in alternative investments	(604,956)	(543,827)
Distributions/withdrawals from investments in alternative investments	1,349,414	4,976,460
Net cash provided by investing activities	17,805,546	33,699,449
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(11,454,525)	1,484,074
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	29,118,257	27,634,183
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	$ 17,663,732	$ 29,118,257

See accompanying notes to the special-purpose financial statements.

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The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust

Notes to the Special-Purpose Financial Statements

1. Description of the Trust

On February 22, 2000, The Babcock & Wilcox Company (B&W), the related entities of Diamond Power International, Inc., Babcock & Wilcox Construction Co., Inc., Americon, Inc., McDermott International, Inc. a Panamanian corporation (MII), and McDermott Incorporated (collectively, the Debtors), voluntarily filed petitions for reorganizing under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana (the Bankruptcy Court). On January 17, 2006, the District Court entered an order (the Confirmation Order) confirming the Joint Plan of Reorganization dated September 28, 2005, as amended through January 17, 2006 (the Confirmed Plan) proposed and filed by the Debtors, the Asbestos Claimants Committee, the Future Asbestos-Related Claimants Committee, and McDermott, Incorporated. The Confirmed Plan became effective on February 22, 2006 (the Effective Date or the Effective Date of the Plan of Reorganization).

The essential elements of the Confirmed Plan include, among other things: the utilization of a qualified settlement fund, in the form of The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust (the Trust), to assume all liabilities and obligations of the Debtors, their predecessors and successors in interest, for all Asbestos PI Trust Claims and Asbestos Property Damage Claims (as defined in the Plan) (collectively, the Asbestos Claims), and to resolve, and provide for the payment in part or in full, of all Asbestos Claims in accordance with procedures established pursuant to the Confirmed Plan.

When formed, the Trust was funded with (a) $350 million in cash received from McDermott International, the parent company of The Babcock & Wilcox Company, (b) asbestos insurance recoveries (as described in Note 6) (c) a $250 million five-year promissory note receivable from McDermott International, and (d) a contingent payment right to receive $355 million within 180 days of November 30, 2006 upon satisfaction of certain conditions precedent, all in consideration for the releases and injunctions described in the Confirmed Plan. Both the $250 million note and the $355 million contingent payment were received in 2006.

The Trustees are responsible for supervising and administering the Trust and utilizing the Trust's assets and income to pay the holders of all Asbestos Claims in accordance with the Trust Agreement and the Trust Distribution Procedures agreement in such a way that holders of Asbestos Claims are treated fairly, equitably and reasonably in light of the limited assets available to satisfy such claims, and to otherwise comply in all respects with the requirements of a trust set forth in Section 524(g)(2)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation

The Trust's financial statements are prepared using special-purpose accounting methods adopted by the Trustees, which differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The special-purpose accounting methods were adopted in order to communicate to the beneficiaries of the Trust the net assets available for the payment of claims and the related operating expenses of the Trust. Since the accompanying special-purpose financial statements are

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not based upon GAAP, the accounting treatment by other parties for these same transactions may differ as to timing and amount. The special-purpose accounting methods include the following:

- Assets are generally recorded when they are received by the Trust and are available for the payment of asbestos claims.

- Future fixed liabilities under contractual obligations and other agreements entered into by the Trust are recorded as deductions from net assets available for the payment of claims in the same period that such contractual obligations or agreements are signed. Under GAAP, liabilities and contractual obligations are recorded over the period that is benefited by the underlying contract or agreement.

- The full amount of claims are expensed in the period in which the confirmed claims are settled. A settled claim is a claim that has been allowed by the Trust and accepted by the claimant, with an approved release. Under GAAP, a liability would be recorded for an estimate of the amount to be paid for claims that have been incurred but not yet reported, and for those claims that have been submitted but not yet approved for payment by the Trust.

- Payments for services to be received over an extended period in the future are expensed as paid because these amounts are no longer available for the payment of claims. Under GAAP, an asset would be recorded and amortized over the period in which the related benefits are received.

- Payments for property and equipment are expensed as incurred. Under GAAP, payments for property and equipment are capitalized and depreciated over the useful lives of the assets. To date, the Trust has incurred no expenses related to purchases of property and equipment.

- Income tax expense is estimated and recorded as incurred in the period in which certain income and expense items affect current federal income taxes payable. Under GAAP, the provision for income taxes is recorded based upon income reported for financial statement purposes, and federal and state income taxes both currently payable and changes in deferred taxes due to differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities. Under GAAP, deferred taxes include a provision for taxes attributable to changes in unrealized gains and losses on investments.

- Asbestos insurance recoveries are not recorded until the funds are received from the insurance carriers. These recoveries come from various insurance settlements, which were obtained by The Babcock & Wilcox Company and related entities and assigned to the Trust. The insurance policies cover, among other things, products and general liability claims. Future recoveries under such settlements, which were assigned to the Trust, will inure to the Trust. Under GAAP, asbestos insurance recoveries are recorded upon settlement and assurance of collectability.

- Under GAAP, for financial statement disclosure purposes all investments would be categorized based on the priority of inputs used to measure fair value. Under GAAP, inputs used in measuring fair value are categorized into three levels. Level 1 includes inputs that are based upon quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets. Level 2 includes inputs that are based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar investments in markets that are not active, or models

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based on valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the investment. Level 3 includes inputs that are generally unobservable and typically reflect management's estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The fair values are therefore determined using model-based techniques that include option pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques. The accompanying special-purpose financial statements do not categorize all investments into these levels.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the special-purpose accounting methods described above requires the Trust to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the special-purpose financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of additions and deductions to the net assets available for the payment of claims during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and such differences could have a material effect upon the net assets available for the payment of claims.

Cash equivalents

The Trust considers all highly liquid instruments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investment securities are stated at fair value. Fair value for investment securities, other than alternative investments, are based on quoted market prices for identical or similar instruments traded in active markets as of the date of the special-purpose financial statements. The fair value for alternative investments is based on the Trust's proportionate share of each fund's net assets, as reported as of the date of the special-purpose financial statements. The net appreciation or depreciation in fair value of investments in the accompanying special-purpose statements of changes in net assets available for the payment of claims consists of realized gains or losses on sales of investments and the changes in unrealized gains or losses on investments held. Investment income is recognized when earned. Interest and dividend income, net of investment expenses and amortization and accretion of bond premiums or discounts, are included in interest and dividend income, net in the accompanying special-purpose statements of changes in net assets available for the payment of claims. Gains and losses on sales of investment securities are determined using the specific identification method.

Accrued expenses and accounts payable

Accrued expenses and accounts payable consist of accruals and outstanding invoices associated with managing the Trust.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses of the Trust are paid from the net assets available for the payment of claims when invoices are received.

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Claims processing expenses

Claims processing expenses are paid from net assets available for the payment of claims when invoices are received.

Income taxes

The Trust is classified as a Qualified Settlement Fund pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code and Regulations thereunder (the Code). As a result, the Trust is subject to federal income taxes based on modified gross income, as defined by the Code. In the opinion of the Trustees and advisors, the Trust is not subject to state income taxes and, therefore, the special-purpose financial statements do not include any provision or liability for state income taxes.

The Trust is generally no longer subject to income tax examinations by the Internal Revenue Service for the years ended December 31, 2015 and prior.

Income tax expense is estimated and includes amounts payable or receivable under current federal income taxes.

The Trust records income tax expense (or benefit) associated with amounts payable (or receivable) under current federal income taxes, and does not record a provision for (or benefit from) deferred taxes. Accordingly, there is no provision for deferred taxes associated with changes in cumulative unrealized gains and losses on investments (see Note 4). The income taxes associated with gains on investments will be recorded in the Trust's special-purpose financial statements when the net gains are realized (i.e. the securities are sold) and the taxes become currently payable.

Risks and uncertainties

The Trust's assets that are exposed to credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and investments in equity securities, municipal bonds, and alternative investments. Cash and cash equivalents are maintained at financial institutions and, at times, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The Trust has never experienced any losses related to these balances. As of December 31, 2019, the Trust had no cash on deposit in excess of federally insured limits.

The Trust invests in a professionally managed portfolio that contains equity securities, municipal bonds, and alternative investments. Such investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the Trust's account balance and the amounts reported in the special-purpose statements of assets, liabilities and net assets available for the payment of claims.

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3. Related Parties

On November 1, 2006, the Trust became a member of the Delaware Claims Processing Facility (DCPF), a limited liability company under an agreement with several other Qualified Settlement Funds.

The purpose of the DCPF is to operate a claims processing facility. At inception, the Trust contributed $100 in capital to this entity. Effective January 1, 2007, this entity began processing all of the Trust's Asbestos Claims.

The Trust recorded expenses related to the operation of this entity of $2,371,655 and $2,075,222 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. There were amounts of $215,257 and $0 payable to DCPF at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Expenses charged to the Trust related to the operation of this entity include direct labor expense, other direct expenses, and an allocation of common costs.

4. Investments

Investment securities consist of the following at December 31:

	2019			
Description	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Bonds	$ 242,305,158	$ 9,534,873	$ -	$ 251,840,031
Equity securities	36,803,480	47,624,159	-	84,427,639
	$ 279,108,638	$ 57,159,032	$ -	$ 336,267,670

	2018			
Description	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Bonds	$ 263,326,436	$ 2,407,276	$ (519,666)	$ 265,214,046
Equity securities	34,081,710	31,930,635	-	66,012,345
	$ 297,408,146	$ 34,337,911	$ (519,666)	$ 331,226,391

Net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investment securities of $26,723,232 and ($11,096,379) for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, consists of the net change in unrealized gains and net realized gains from investment sales.

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Net change in unrealized gains (losses) from investment market appreciation (depreciation) of investment securities consist of the following as of December 31:

	2019	2018
Bonds	$ 7,647,263	$ (3,051,392)
U.S. equity securities	15,693,524	(12,121,628)
	$ 23,340,787	$ (15,173,020)

Net realized gains from investment sales consist of the following as of December 31:

	2019	2018
Bonds	$ 2,248,210	$ (204,109)
U.S. equity securities	1,134,235	4,280,750
	$ 3,382,445	$ 4,076,641

Summary of changes in alternative investments

The table below sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of the Trust's alternative investments for the years ended December 31:

	2019	2018
Balance, beginning of the year	$ 44,453,091	$ 55,175,854
Reinvestment of income	604,956	543,827
Distributions/withdrawals	(1,349,414)	(4,976,460)
Net change in fair value	4,232,829	(6,290,130)
Balance, end of the year	$ 47,941,462	$ 44,453,091

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Alternative investments categories

The major categories of the Trust's alternative investments, including general information related to each category, are as follows:

	Fair Value 2019	Fair Value 2018	Redemption Frequency (if Currently Eligible)	First/Next Redemption	Notice Period (days)	Gate
(a) Multi-strategy fund	$ 6,860,801	$ 6,409,112	Semi-annually	June 30, 2020	65	10%
Multi-strategy fund	3,382,853	3,069,671	Monthly	January 31, 2020	5	none
Multi-strategy fund	3,052,294	2,979,248	Annually	June 30, 2020	44	25%
Multi-strategy fund	2,792,468	2,720,338	Quarterly	March 31, 2020	60	25%
	16,088,416	15,178,369				
(b)						
Long/short fund	2,613,825	3,455,204	25% Quarterly	September 30, 2020	95	none
Long/short fund	3,725,427	3,078,182	Quarterly	March 31, 2020	60	none
Long/short fund	1,612,522	2,335,727	33% Annually	June 30, 2021	65	none
Long/short fund	855,215	1,110,406	In liquidation	N/A	N/A	N/A
Long/short fund	-	110,459	Liquidated	N/A	N/A	N/A
	8,806,989	10,089,978				
(c) International equity fund	23,046,057	19,184,744	Daily	January 1, 2019	none	none
	$ 47,941,462	$ 44,453,091				

(a) Alternative investments within this category use a variety of strategies to diversify risks and reduce volatility. One of the funds in this category invests in value equities, special situations, long-term arbitrage and structured credit and mortgage securities, while the other funds contains derivative positions or a combination of long and short positions and private placement positions.

(b) This category includes alternative investments that hold securities traded in various global equity markets. Positions within the alternative investment can be both long and short and cover various industries such as banking, utilities and technologies.

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(c) The international equity fund within this category invests primarily in equity securities, including foreign currency spot contracts and money market funds. The objective of this fund is to achieve long-term growth principally by investing in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of companies ordinarily located in another country other than the United States and Canada. The securities within the fund invest in securities listed or traded on a regulated market.

5. Income Taxes

The Trust made no estimated income tax payments during the year ended December 31, 2019 and received a federal income tax refund in the amount of $29,687. During the year ended December 31, 2018 the Company made estimated income tax payments totaling $4,200,000.

On December 22, 2017, Congress passed the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the 2017 Tax Act) which reduced the income tax rate from 39.6% to 37% and modified the rules regarding the usability of certain net operating losses for the Trust beginning on January 1, 2018. Under the 2017 Tax Act, the Trust's net operating losses generated prior to January 1, 2018, are available to offset future taxable income and will expire, if not utilized, on various dates through 2037. There were no net operating losses as of January 1, 2018. During 2019 and 2018, the Trust did not generate any net operating loss carryforwards. Net operating loss carryforwards generated after January 1, 2018, do not expire but can only be used to offset up to 80% of taxable income in future years as part of the 2017 Tax Act. In addition, there are no net operating loss carryback provisions under the 2017 Tax Act. As of December 31, 2019, the Trust did not have any net capital loss carryforwards available to offset future capital gains. Capital loss carryforwards created after January 1, 2018, may be carried back for three years and carried forward for five years. Capital loss carrybacks and carryforwards cannot create a net operating loss.

As of December 31, 2019, the estimated deferred tax liability associated with unrealized gains on investments is approximately $21,400,000.

As disclosed in Note 2 to the special-purpose financial statements, the Trust does not record a provision for (or benefit from) deferred taxes. Accordingly, there is no provision for deferred taxes associated with net operating loss carry forwards, net capital loss carryforwards, or cumulative unrealized gains and losses on investments.

6. Insurance Recoveries

Under the terms of settlement agreements with certain insurance companies, the Trust is entitled to future insurance recoveries that are to be paid ratably over an extended period of time. In accordance with the Trust's special-purpose accounting policies, such insurance recoveries are recorded as an addition to net assets available for the payment of claims when the funds are received from the insurance companies. During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Trust received insurance recoveries from insurers in the amount of $707,307 and $2,403,190 respectively.

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7. Contingent Liabilities

The Plan Documents (as defined in the Confirmed Plan) subject the Trust to certain reimbursement and indemnification obligations that may result in future claims against the Trust.

The probability of such claims cannot be reasonably determined. Accordingly, no associated liability has been recorded in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements. Such claims, if any, are not expected to be material. The Trust has obtained insurance for purposes of supporting its obligation to indemnify the Trustees.

8. Liability for Asbestos Claims

The settled but unpaid claims liability of $432,893 and $1,632,698 consists of personal injury claims that were settled, but unpaid as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. These amounts have been included in personal injury claim expense in the accompanying special-purpose statements of changes in net assets available for the payment of claims for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. The entire balance was paid subsequent to December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The ultimate number of Asbestos Claims to be filed and the liability for all such claims are uncertain at this time. The net assets available for the payment of claims at December 31, 2019 and 2018, represents funding available for all Asbestos Claims for which no fixed liability has yet been established. The net assets available for the payment of claims at December 31, 2019 and 2018, may or may not be sufficient to meet all future obligations of the Trust.

9. Trust Liability Insurance

The Trust purchased liability insurance requiring premiums of $100,663 and $107,892 in 2019 and 2018, respectively. The current policy term is from February 2019 through February 2020. The Trust's special-purpose accounting policy is to expense in the current period any amounts that will not be available to pay future Asbestos Claims or expenses of the Trust. Accordingly, this amount was recorded as a deduction in net assets available for payment of claims during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

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10. Trustees, Trust Advisory Committee, and Future Claimants' Representative and Delaware Claims Processing Facility Board of Managers

Fees and expenses of the Trustees, Trust Advisory Committee (TAC), the Future Claimants' Representative, the Delaware Claims Processing Facility (DCPF) Board of Managers, and related counsels for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	2019			
	Fees	Retainer	Expenses	Total
Trustees	$ 335,820	$ 224,826	$ 24,980	$ 585,626
Future Claimants' Representative	7,500	-	-	7,500
Future Claimants' Representative Counsel	100,720	-	4,413	105,133
Trust Advisory Committee	3,260	-	491	3,751
Trust Advisory Committee Counsel	54,965	-	1,525	56,490
DCPF Board of Managers	94,880	-	-	94,880
	$ 597,145	$ 224,826	$ 31,409	$ 853,380

	2018			
	Fees	Retainer	Expenses	Total
Trustees	$ 322,529	$ 222,808	$ 24,590	$ 569,927
Future Claimants' Representative	6,150	-	64	6,214
Future Claimants' Representative Counsel	48,515	-	3,129	51,644
Trust Advisory Committee	3,185	-	474	3,659
Trust Advisory Committee Counsel	65,744	-	1,806	67,550
DCPF Board of Managers	122,138	-	-	122,138
	$ 568,261	$ 222,808	$ 30,063	$ 821,132

The above amounts are included in operating expenses in the special-purpose statements of changes in net assets available for the payment of claims for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

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11. Subsequent Events

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. The COVID-19 outbreak has negatively impacted investment markets through the date of issuance of these special-purpose financial statements and caused a temporary decline in the Trust's investment portfolio. The Trustees, Trust advisors, and management of the Trust are actively monitoring the impact of this global situation on the Trust's financial condition and operations. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Trust is not able to estimate the long-term effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its financial condition and operations.

In addition, on March 27, 2020, the President of the United States signed into law the "Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act. The CARES Act, among other things, includes provisions for an elective five-year carryback of net operating losses (NOLs) generated in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017 and before January 1, 2021. Taxpayers may elect to relinquish the entire five-year carryback period with respect to a particular year's NOL, with the election being irrevocable once made. In addition, the 80% limitation on NOL deductions arising in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, has temporarily been pushed to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020. The Trustees, Trust advisors, and management of the Trust continue to examine the long-term impact that the CARES Act may have on the Trust and are currently unable to determine the long-term impact on its financial condition and operations.

The Trust has evaluated its December 31, 2019 special-purpose financial statements for subsequent events through April 27, 2020, the date the special-purpose financial statements were available to be issued. Other than the matter described above related to the COVID-19 outbreak and the CARES Act, the Trust is not aware of any subsequent events which would require recognition or disclosure in the special-purpose financial statements.

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The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust

Supplementary Information
Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information

Trustees
The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust
Wilmington, Delaware

Our audits of the special-purpose financial statements included in the preceding section of this report were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on those special-purpose statements as a whole. The supplementary information presented in the following section of this report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the special-purpose financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the special-purpose financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements or to the special-purpose financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the special-purpose financial statements as a whole.

BDO USA, LLP

McLean, Virginia
April 27, 2020

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The Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos PI Trust

Supplementary Schedules of Operating Expenses

Years Ended December 31,	2019	2018
Investment advisory service and investment management fees	$ 1,554,061	$ 1,462,437
Trust management fees	1,343,569	1,531,354
Trustee fees and expenses	585,626	569,927
General legal fees	391,379	368,610
Accounting, finance and tax fees	344,276	389,680
Other legal fees	147,651	216,922
Future Claimants' Representative and Future Claimants' Representative Counsel fees and expenses	112,633	57,858
Trust liability insurance	100,663	107,892
Miscellaneous operating expenses	60,163	49,256
Trust Advisory Committee Counsel fees and expenses	56,490	67,550
Trust Advisory Committee fees and expenses	3,751	3,659
Total operating expenses	$ 4,700,262	$ 4,825,145

See independent auditor's report on supplementary information.

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