IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:	)	Chapter 11
	)	
LESLIE CONTROLS, INC.,[1]	)	Case No. 10-12199 (CSS)
	)	
Reorganized Debtor.	)	
	)	

NOTICE OF FILING

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, on April 26, 2023, the **Leslie Controls, Inc. Asbestos Personal Injury Trust Special-Purpose Financial Statements with Report of Independent Auditors for the Years Ended December 31, 2022, and 2021 and Related Information** were filed electronically by Stutzman, Bromberg, Esserman & Plifka, a Professional Corporation with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, 824 North Market Street, 3rd Floor, Wilmington, Delaware.

Dated: April 26, 2023

STUTZMAN, BROMBERG, ESSERMAN & PLIFKA, a Professional Corporation

By: */s/ Sander L. Esserman*

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COUNSEL FOR THE
LESLIE CONTROLS, INC.
ASBESTOS PERSONAL INJURY TRUST

[1] The last four digits of the Debtor's federal tax identification number are 3780.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Andrea L. Ducayet, an attorney, hereby certify that, on April 26, 2023, a true and correct copy of the attached **Leslie Controls, Inc. Asbestos Personal Injury Trust Special-Purpose Financial Statements with Report of Independent Auditors for the Years Ended December 31, 2022, and 2021 and Related Information** was served this day upon the parties listed on the attached Service List via email and electronically through the Court's CM/ECF System.

/s/ Andrea L. Ducayet

Leslie Controls Asbestos Trust Annual Reports, 2022 annual report
ACL Doc 13987 · Page 2 of 23
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SERVICE LIST

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Leslie Controls Asbestos Trust Annual Reports, 2022 annual report
ACL Doc 13987 · Page 3 of 23
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Leslie Controls, Inc.
Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Special Purpose Financial Statements
(With Supplementary Information)
and Independent Auditor's Report

December 31, 2022 and 2021

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Leslie Controls, Inc.
Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Index

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Special-Purpose Financial Statements	
Special-Purpose Statements of Net Claimants' Equity	4
Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity	5
Special-Purpose Statements of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements	7
Supplemental Information	
Independent Auditor’s Report on Supplementary Information	15
Supplemental Schedules of Operating Expenses	16

Leslie Controls Asbestos Trust Annual Reports, 2022 annual report
ACL Doc 13987 · Page 5 of 23
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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Trustee of
Leslie Controls, Inc. Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose financial statements of the Leslie Controls, Inc. Asbestos Personal Injury Trust (the "Trust"), which comprise the special-purpose statement of net claimants' equity as of December 31, 2022, and the related special-purpose statements of changes in net claimants' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the special-purpose financial statements (collectively, the "Financial Statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net claimants' equity of the Trust as of December 31, 2022, and the changes in net claimants' equity and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 2 to the Financial Statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Trust and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 2 of the Financial Statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The Financial Statements are prepared on a special-purpose basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The special-purpose basis of accounting has been adopted by the Trustee to communicate the amount of equity presently available to fund current and future claimants. As a result, the Financial Statements may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matter - Prior Year Financial Statements

The Financial Statements of the Trust for the year ended December 31, 2021, were audited by another auditor, whose report dated April 19, 2022, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements. The auditor's opinion included an emphasis of matter indicating that the Trust's Financial Statements were prepared on the special-purpose basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting used to communicate the amount of net claimants' equity presently available to fund current and future claimants.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these Financial Statements in accordance with the special-purpose basis of accounting; this includes determining that the special-purpose basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the Financial Statements in these circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the Financial Statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of the Trust, the Trustee, the beneficiaries of the Trust and the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware ("Bankruptcy Court") and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Upon filing with the Bankruptcy Court, the report is a matter of public record, which public filing does not expand the list of specified users.

CohnReznick LLP

Dallas, Texas
April 20, 2023

Leslie Controls Asbestos Trust Annual Reports, 2022 annual report
ACL Doc 13987 · Page 7 of 23
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Leslie Controls, Inc.
Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Special-Purpose Statements of Net Claimants' Equity
December 31, 2022 and 2021

Assets

	2022	2021
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 2,267,263	$ 4,746,135
Investments at fair value	55,803,286	62,785,477
Investment income receivable	320,606	485,913
Prepaid expenses	22,553	19,288
Total assets	$ 58,413,708	$ 68,036,813

Liabilities and Net Claimant's Equity

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	$ 68,501	$ 70,468
Claims payable	1,833,668	1,348,096
Total liabilities	1,902,169	1,418,564
Net claimants' equity	$ 56,511,539	$ 66,618,249

See Accompanying Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements.

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ACL Doc 13987 · Page 8 of 23
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Leslie Controls, Inc.
Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity
December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Additions		
Insurance settlements	$ 24,102	$ 13,026,871
Interest and dividends	1,351,818	1,314,653
Realized gain on investments, net	-	1,021,534
Unrealized gain on investments, net	-	1,869,724
Total additions	1,375,920	17,232,782
Deductions		
Claims expense	2,290,103	2,214,764
Realized loss on investments, net	1,294,749	-
Unrealized loss on investments, net	6,558,735	-
Investment advisory fees	190,397	175,890
Claim processing fees and consulting	197,609	116,927
Operating expenses	951,037	909,442
Total deductions	11,482,630	3,417,023
Net increase (decrease) in net claimants' equity	(10,106,710)	13,815,759
Net claimants' equity		
Beginning of year	66,618,249	52,802,490
End of year	$ 56,511,539	$ 66,618,249

See Accompanying Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements.

Leslie Controls, Inc.
Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Special-Purpose Statements of Cash Flows
December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net increase (decrease) in net claimants' equity	$ (10,106,710)	$ 13,815,759
Adjustments to reconcile net increase (decrease) in net claimants' equity to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Net unrealized (gain) loss on investments	6,558,735	(1,869,724)
Net realized (gain) loss on investments	1,294,749	(1,021,534)
Amortization of bond premiums	791,435	432,930
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Investment income receivable	165,307	(69,767)
Prepaid expenses	(3,265)	(11,144)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,967)	(11,154)
Claims payable	485,572	23,487
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(816,144)	11,288,853
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of investments	52,545,944	5,715,474
Purchase of investments	(54,208,672)	(17,448,880)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,662,728)	(11,733,406)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,478,872)	(444,553)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	4,746,135	5,190,688
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	$ 2,267,263	$ 4,746,135

See Accompanying Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements.

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Leslie Controls, Inc.
Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements
December 31, 2022 and 2021

Note 1 - Description of the Trust

General

The Leslie Controls, Inc. Asbestos Personal Injury Trust (the "Trust") was established on April 28, 2011 ("Effective Date") and is a Qualified Settlement Fund ("QSF") pursuant to Section 1.468B-1 et seq. of the Treasury Regulations promulgated under section 468B of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC"). The purpose of the Trust is to (a) assume all liabilities and responsibility for Asbestos Personal Injury ("PI") Claims (whether existing as of the Effective Date or arising at any time thereafter), (b) direct the processing, liquidation and payment of all Asbestos PI Claims in accordance with the Asbestos PI Trust Distribution Procedures, (c) preserve, hold, manage and maximize the Asbestos PI Trust Assets for use in paying and otherwise satisfying Asbestos PI Claims and paying Asbestos PI Trust Expenses, and (d) otherwise comply in all respects with the requirements of a trust set forth in section 524(g)(2)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code, all in accordance with the Plan.

The Trust is governed by a Trust Agreement and Trust Distribution Procedures ("TDP") that establish the framework and criteria for allowance and payment of asbestos-related claims by the Trust. There are seven disease levels specified in the TDP. With respect to six of the disease levels, each claimant who meets the medical and exposure requirements of the TDP for a particular disease level may apply for expedited review and a specified payment amount. Claimants in the more serious disease levels also have an alternative, under the TDP, to submit additional documentation and request a more expansive review of their claim (TDP - 5.2b Individual Review Process), in which case claims may be paid within a range of amounts. Claims involving Disease Level V (Lung Cancer 2) must be liquidated under the Trust's individual review process.

The Trust's assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and investments, which, with the earnings (or losses) on such investments, are intended to be totally consumed by the allowance and payment of claims and operation of the Trust. The percentage of the amount of each allowed claim that will actually be paid will be determined by projections of total allowed Asbestos Claims and operational expenses of the Trust, on the one hand, and total assets and net earnings (or losses), on the other. Pursuant to the TDP, the initial payment percentage was established at 40%. Effective May 20, 2014, pursuant to the Amended and Restated Asbestos Trust Distribution Procedures, the Trustee adjusted the payment percentage from 40% to 5%.

Funding

On the Effective Date, the Trust was funded with a total of $76,625,000. These funds consisted of $74,000,000 from CIRCOR International, Inc. ("CIRCOR"), the parent corporation of Leslie Controls, Inc. ("Leslie"), and $2,625,000 of proceeds on the settlement between Leslie and Continental Casualty Company. Since the Effective Date through December 31, 2017, the Trust has received additional proceeds from CIRCOR, Leslie, and solvent and insolvent insurers of approximately $32.2 million. During 2022 and 2021, the Trust received proceeds from additional insurers of approximately $24,000 and $13,100,000 million, respectively. The Trust expects to receive additional payments over several years from insurers. However, the amount and timing of additional payments is unknown.

Termination

Section 8.2 of the Trust Agreement provides that the Trust shall automatically terminate on the date (the "Dissolution Date") ninety (90) days after the first to occur of the following events:

- The Trustee decides to dissolve the Trust because (A) the Trustee deems it unlikely that any new Asbestos Claims will be filed against the Trust, (B) all Asbestos PI Claims filed with the Trust have been liquidated and, to the extent possible based upon the funds available to the Trust through the Plan, paid to the extent provided in the Trust Agreement and the Asbestos PI Trust Distribution Procedures or disallowed by a final, non-appealable order, and (C) twelve (12) consecutive months have elapsed during which no new Asbestos PI Claim has been filed with the Trust; or

- If the Trustee has procured and has in place irrevocable insurance policies and has established claims handling agreements and other necessary arrangements with suitable third parties adequate to discharge all expecting remaining obligations and expenses of the Trust in a manner consistent with the Trust Agreement and the Asbestos PI Trust Distribution Procedures, the date on which the Bankruptcy Court enters an order approving such insurance and other arrangements and such order becomes a final order; or

- To the extent that any rule against perpetuities shall be deemed applicable to the Trust, that date which is twenty-one (21) years less ninety-one (91) days after the death of the last survivor of all of the descendants of the late Joseph P. Kennedy, Sr., father of the late President John F. Kennedy, living on the date hereof.

On the Dissolution Date or as soon as reasonably practicable, after the wind-up of the Trust's affairs by the Trustee and payment of all the Trust's liabilities, any remaining assets of the Trust shall be applied to such charitable purposes as the Trustee in the Trustee's reasonable discretion shall determine, which charitable purposes, if practicable, shall be related to the treatment of, research on or the relief of suffering of individuals suffering from asbestos-related lung diseases or disorders.

Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The Trust's special-purpose financial statements ("Financial Statements") are prepared using special-purpose accounting methods adopted by the Trustee which differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The special-purpose accounting methods were adopted in order to communicate to the beneficiaries of the Trust the net assets available for the payment of claims and related operating expenses of the Trust. Since the accompanying Financial Statements and transactions are not based upon GAAP, accounting treatment by other parties for these same transactions may differ as to timing and amount. These special-purpose accounting methods and the differences from GAAP are summarized as follows:

- Net claimants' equity represents funds available to pay asbestos and bankruptcy related claims that have not yet been submitted, or that have been submitted but not processed. Trust expenses are also paid from net claimants' equity. Under GAAP, net claimants' equity would be reduced for estimates of amounts to be paid for claims that have not yet been submitted, or that have been submitted but not processed.

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- Claims are expenses that are recorded once an offer is made to the claimant at the amount equal to the expected pro-rata payment. Under GAAP, a liability would be recorded for an estimate of the amount to be paid for the claims that have been incurred but not yet reported, and for those claims that have been submitted but not yet approved for payment by the Trust.

- Payments for services to be received over an extended period in the future are expensed as paid since these amounts are no longer available for the payment of claims. Under GAAP, an asset would be recorded and amortized over the period in which the related benefits are received.

- Income tax expense (benefit) is estimated and recorded as incurred in the period in which certain income and expense items affect current federal income taxes. Under GAAP, the provision for income taxes is recorded based upon income (loss) reported for financial statement purposes, which includes federal income taxes both currently payable and changes in deferred taxes due to differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities. Additionally, GAAP requires all tax positions to be reviewed using a more likely than not threshold for financial statement recognition of tax assets, and a liability to be recorded for an uncertain tax position taken or expected to be taken beyond this threshold.

- Asbestos insurance recoveries are not recorded until the funds are received or collection is assured from the insurance carriers. Under GAAP, asbestos insurance recoveries are recorded upon settlement.

- The Trust's investments in marketable debt securities are considered as available for sale. The unrealized holdings gains (losses) on these investments are included in additions (deductions) on the accompanying statement of changes in net claimants' equity. Under GAAP, the unrealized holding gains (losses) on available for sale investments would be included as a component of net claimants' equity reported as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Use of estimates
The preparation of the Financial Statements requires the Trustee and management of the Trust to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Financial Statements, and the reported amounts of additions and deductions to the net claimants' equity during the reporting periods. The significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the fair value of investments. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Financial instruments
The Trust's primary financial instruments are cash and cash equivalents, investments, and investment income receivable. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and investment income receivable approximate their fair values based on their short-term nature. The carrying amount of investments is based on fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents
The Trust considers all money market funds and short-term investments with a maturity of three (3) months or less to be cash equivalents.

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Concentrations of credit risk
Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Trust to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents, and investments. The Trust maintains its cash and cash equivalents, which at times may exceed federally insured limits, with financial institutions. The Trust has not experienced any losses in such accounts, and management does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

The Trust's investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the value of investment securities will occur in the near term and such changes could materially affect the value of the Trust's portfolio.

Investments and related income (loss)
Investments are reported at fair value in the statements of net claimants' equity, and changes in the fair value of investments, as well as unrealized and realized gains and losses and foreign currency translation, are included in investment income, net reported in the statements of changes in net claimants' equity. Purchases and sales of marketable securities are recorded on the trade date.

Realized gains and losses on disposals of investments are determined by the specific identification method. Interest and dividend income are recognized on the accrual basis.

Investments considered to be permanently impaired in value are written down to their estimated net realizable value and the write down is recorded as a realized loss on investments. Unrealized losses that are other-than-temporary based upon management's estimates using quantitative and qualitative criteria are recognized as realized investment losses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Claims payable
Claims payable consists of certain injury claims that are approved but unpaid at year end.

Claims processing and consulting
Claims processing and consulting expenses are recorded as incurred.

Net claimants' equity
The Trust, under the adopted special-purpose accounting convention, does not record the liability for future claims expected to be filed over the life of the Trust. The net claimants' equity is available for (i) the payments of allowed asbestos-related claims and (ii) operational expenses of the Trust.

Federal income tax expense
The Trust is subject to federal income taxes based on modified gross income, as defined by the IRC. In the opinion of management, the Trust is not subject to state income taxes, and therefore, the Financial Statements do not include any provision or liability for state income taxes. The Financial Statements also do not include any provision for federal deferred taxes as defined in the special-purpose basis methods adopted by the Trust. The funding received at the inception of the Trust as well as any subsequent funding received from insurers does not represent taxable income to the Trust. In addition, payments to claimants do not represent tax deductions of the Trust.

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Leslie Controls, Inc.
Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements
December 31, 2022 and 2021

Subsequent events
The Trust has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to the date of the Financial Statements for matters requiring recognition or disclosure in the special-purpose final statements. The accompanying Financial Statements consider events through April 20, 2023, the date when the Financial Statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Investments

The Trust measures its investments, at fair value, according to a hierarchy of valuation techniques. The following are the levels of the hierarchy and a brief description of the type of valuation information ("inputs") that qualifies an investment for each level:

Level 1 - Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date. The type of investments in Level 1 includes short-term investments and securities that are traded in an active exchange.

Level 2 - Pricing inputs are other than quoted market prices included in Level I, but are observable indirectly for the investment. The Trust includes its corporate and municipal bonds, asset backed securities and other fixed income in Level 2, because these pricing inputs are indirectly evident through interest rates for commonly quoted credit risks.

Level 3 - Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation. The Trust does not carry any Level 3 investments.

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on available market information and judgments about the financial asset, including estimates of timing, amount of expected future cash flows and the credit standing of the issuer. In some cases, the fair value estimates cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets. In addition, the disclosed fair value may not be realized in the immediate settlement of the financial asset. Furthermore, the disclosed fair values do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time an entire holding of a particular financial asset. Potential taxes and other expenses that would be incurred in an actual sale or settlement are not reflected in amounts disclosed.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for financial assets measured at fair value, including the general classification of such assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Debt securities
The Trust's investments in debt securities do not have quoted market prices. These fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flow, and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. These Level 2 securities would include U.S. agency securities, mortgage-backed agency securities, obligations of states and political subdivisions and certain corporate, asset-backed, and other securities. In certain cases where there is limited activity or less transparency around inputs to the valuation, these securities could be classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy. Currently, all of the Trust's debt securities are considered to be Level 2 securities.

Leslie Controls, Inc.
Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements
December 31, 2022 and 2021

Mutual funds

The Trust's investments in mutual funds are classified as Level 1 because net asset values are calculated and published daily. These funds can also be sold daily in an active market.

The valuations of the Trust's investments by the above fair value hierarchy levels and the corresponding cost of the investments are as follows:

		December 31, 2022		
	Level	Fair value	Cost	Unrealized (loss), net
Mutual funds	1	$ 14,210,821	$ 12,112,082	$ 2,098,739
Corporate bonds	2	15,777,907	15,893,499	(115,592)
Municipal bonds	2	2,230,008	2,412,348	(182,340)
U.S. Government and treasury bonds	2	23,584,550	23,787,113	(202,563)
Total		$ 55,803,286	$ 54,205,042	$ 1,598,244

		December 31, 2021		
	Level	Fair value	Cost	Unrealized gain, net
Mutual funds	1	$ 18,308,698	$ 13,005,308	$ 5,303,390
U.S. Government and treasury bonds	2	44,476,779	41,623,190	2,853,589
Total		$ 62,785,477	$ 54,628,498	$ 8,156,979

Future maturities of the Trust's debt securities on December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	Fair Value	Cost	Unrealized losses, net
Due in one year or less	$ -	$ -	$ -
Due after one year through five years	30,159,798	30,323,415	(163,617)
Due after five years through ten years	10,251,977	10,469,544	(217,567)
Due after ten years	1,180,690	1,300,001	(119,311)
Total	$ 41,592,465	$ 42,092,960	$ (500,495)

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Leslie Controls, Inc.
Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements
December 31, 2022 and 2021

Note 4 - Taxation

The Trust reports its income to the Internal Revenue Service as a designated settlement fund which is taxed at the highest rate applicable to trusts under Section I(e) of the IRC, which was 37% as of December 31, 2022, and 2021.

The Trust had no taxable income for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Trust had taxable income of approximately $146,000 for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Trust utilized an net operating loss during 2021 and paid no tax.

As of December 31, 2022, the Trust had approximately $6,237,000 of net operating loss carryforwards, with $3,016,000 starting to expire in 2031 and $3,222,000 having no expiration date. As of December 31, 2022, the Trust has approximately $1,153,000 of capital loss carryforwards that will expire in 2032. The amount of income taxes the Trust pays is subject to ongoing audits by federal authorities.

Note 5 - Trust advisory committee and future claimants' representative

The Trust Agreement sets forth the role and responsibility of the Trust Advisory Committee ("TAC") and Future Claimants' Representative ("FCR"). The members of the TAC serve in a fiduciary capacity representing all holders of present Asbestos Claims ("Current Claimants").

The Trustee is required to consult with or obtain the consent of the TAC on certain matters identified in the Trust Agreement and the TDP. The TAC is comprised of five attorneys who are engaged by Current Claimants.

The FCR serves in a fiduciary capacity, representing the interests of the individuals who may file an Asbestos Claim in the future, but who at this time are unknown to the Trust ("Future Asbestos Claimants"). This role, in part, is to protect rights of the Future Asbestos Claimants. The Trustee is required to consult with or obtain the consent of FCR on certain matters identified in the Trust Agreement and the TDP.

Supplemental Information

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Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information

To the Trustee
Leslie Controls, Inc. Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

We have audited the special-purpose Financial Statements ("Financial Statements") of the Leslie Controls, Inc. Asbestos Personal Injury Trust (the "Trust") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022. Our report thereon dated April 20, 2023, which expressed an unmodified opinion on those Financial Statements, appears on pages one and two. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Financial Statements as a whole. The supplemental schedule of operating expenses are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic Financial Statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the Financial Statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the Financial Statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the Financial Statements or to the Financial Statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the Financial Statements as a whole. The 2021 information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the 2021 audit of the basic Financial Statements by other auditors, whose report dated April 19, 2022, on such information stated that it was fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2021 Financial Statements as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of the Trust, the Trustee, the beneficiaries of the Trust and the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware ("Bankruptcy Court") and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Upon filing with the Bankruptcy Court, the report is a matter of public record, which public filing does not expand the list of specified users.

CohnReznick LLP

Dallas, Texas
April 20, 2023

Leslie Controls, Inc.
Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Supplemental Schedules of Operating Expenses
December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Trust general counsel	$ 538,740	$ 548,674
Trustee fees and expenses	101,624	91,660
Accounting, audit, and tax fees and expenses	168,902	146,040
Insurance claims consultant expenses	-	72,813
Insurance costs	81,782	(44,864)
Future claimants representative fees and expenses	41,608	67,027
Trust advisory committee attorney fees	9,128	25,332
Other	9,253	2,760
Total operating expenses	$ 951,037	$ 909,442

See Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information.



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Leslie Controls, Inc. Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Report of Asbestos PI Claim Activity and Disposition during the Period from January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022

Asbestos PI Claims

Type of Claim	Number of Claims Filed	Number of Claims Approved for Payment and in Payment Queue as of 12-31-2022	Number of Claims Withdrawn or Not Approved	Liquidated Value of Approved Claims in Payment Queue as of 12-31-2022	Number of Approved Claims Paid	Amount Paid on Approved Claims after Application of Payment Percentage
Category A Claims (Disease Levels III-VII)	2,794	89	1,928	$3,786,500.00	977	$1,752,944.00
Category B Claims (Disease Levels I-II)	534	17	314	$59,000.00	334	$51,587.50
Disease Level Not Specified	0	0	0	$0	0	$0

LESLIE CONTROLS, INC. ASBESTOS PERSONAL INJURY TRUST

Report of Compensation and Expense Reimbursement (January 1 through December 31, 2022)

	Total	Compensation	Expense Reimbursement
Ellen S. Pryor [Trustee]	$97,613.70	$97,099.30	$514.40
Wilmington Trust [Delaware Trustee]	$4,010.00	$4,010.00	$0.00
James L. Patton, Young Conaway Stargatt & Taylor LLP [Future Claimants' Representative]	$1,908.00	$1,908.00	$0.00
Trust Advisory Committee	$0.00	$0.00	$0.00